REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE FORMER WHITLEY COUNTY CLERK

For The Period January 1, 2019 Through November 30, 2019



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Pat White, Jr., Whitley County Judge/Executive The Honorable Kay Schwartz, Former Whitley County Clerk The Honorable Carolyn Willis, Whitley County Clerk Members of the Whitley County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the former County Clerk of Whitley County, Kentucky, for the period January 1, 2019 through November 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Guide for County Fee Officials* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



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The Honorable Pat White, Jr., Whitley County Judge/Executive The Honorable Kay Schwartz, Former Whitley County Clerk The Honorable Carolyn Willis, Whitley County Clerk Members of the Whitley County Fiscal Court

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the former Whitley County Clerk on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the former Whitley County Clerk, as of January 1, 2019 through November 30, 2019, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and excess fees of the former Whitley County Clerk for the period January 1, 2019 through November 30, 2019, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 13, 2020, on our consideration of the former Whitley County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the former Whitley County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

2019-001 The Former Whitley County Clerk's Fourth Quarter Financial Statement Was Materially Overstated

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

WHITLEY COUNTY KAY SCHWARTZ, FORMER COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Period January 1, 2019 Through November 30, 2019

Receipts

State Fees For Services			9,430
Fiscal Court			66,419
Licenses and Taxes:			
Motor Vehicle-			
Licenses and Transfers	\$ 1,065,290		
Usage Tax	2,557,393		
Tangible Personal Property Tax	2,732,242		
Notary Fees	13,286		
Other-			
Ad Valorem Lein Fees	26,758		
Fish and Game Licenses	4,133		
Marriage Licenses	11,147		
Transient Licenses	50		
Bank Franchise Tax	79,266		
Deed Transfer Tax	64,772		
Delinquent Tax	557,422	7,	,111,759
Fees Collected for Services:			
Recordings-			
Deeds, Easements, and Contracts	17,387		
Real Estate Mortgages	36,920		
Title Lien Statements	108,840		
Powers of Attorney	2,112		
Affordable Housing Trust	25,722		
Bail Bonds	572		
Leases	892		
Liens and Lis Pendens	6,200		
Wills and Estate Settlements	736		
Releases	9,740		
All Other Recordings	6,341		
Charges for Other Services-			
Copy Work	18,763		
Postage	3,820		238,045
- -			

WHITLEY COUNTY

KAY SCHWARTZ, FORMER COUNTY CLERK

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Period January 1, 2019 Through November 30, 2019

(Continued)

Receipts (Continued)

Other: Refunds and Overpayments Miscellaneous Income		\$	24,130 21,388	\$	45,518
Interest Earned					547
Total Receipts				7	,471,718
<u>Disbursements</u>					
Payments to State:					
Motor Vehicle-	Φ 754.010				
Licenses and Transfers	\$ 754,018				
Usage Tax	2,480,469				
Tangible Personal Property Tax	1,138,239				
Licenses, Taxes, and Fees- Fish and Game Licenses	4.000				
	4,009 71,297				
Delinquent Tax	·				
Legal Process Tax	32,153	4	505 007		
Affordable Housing Trust	25,722	4	,505,907		
Payments to Fiscal Court:					
Tangible Personal Property Tax	190,611				
Delinquent Tax	47,457				
Deed Transfer Tax	61,533				
Franchise Bank Deposits	79,266		378,867		
Payments to Other Districts:					
Tangible Personal Property Tax	1,294,102				
Delinquent Tax	261,957	1	,556,059		
Payments to Sheriff			46,973		
Payments to County Attorney			74,591		

WHITLEY COUNTY

KAY SCHWARTZ, FORMER COUNTY CLERK

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Period January 1, 2019 Through November 30, 2019

(Continued)

<u>Disbursements</u> (Continued)

Operating Disbursements: Personnel Services-						
	\$	343,432				
Deputies' Salaries Employee Benefits-	Φ	343,432				
Employee Benefits- Employer's Share Social Security		33,967				
		•				
Employer's Share Retirement		97,897				
Employer's Paid Health Insurance Contracted Services-		106,887				
		1 577				
Office Equipment Agreement		4,577				
Software Lease		34,711				
Materials and Supplies-		0.070				
Office Supplies		8,273				
Other Charges-		2.515				
Conventions and Travel		3,515				
Dues		1,620				
Postage		6,585				
Bank Transactions/NSF/Checks		9,971				
Election Expense/Remodel Exp		57,943				
Refunds		28,354				
Insurance and Bonds		6,714				
Branch Office Rent		11,000				
Mileage Reimbursement		4,770				
Miscellaneous		180	\$	760,396		
Total Disbursements					\$ 7	,322,793
Net Receipts						148,925
Less: Statutory Maximum						92,744
Excess Fees						56,181
Less: Expense Allowance				3,300		
Training Incentive Benefit				4,216		7,516
Excess Fees Due County for 2019						48,665
Payment to Fiscal Court - December 23, 2019				35,000		
						, -
Balance Due Fiscal Court at Completion of Audit*				\$	13,665	

^{* -} The former county clerk presented a check to the fiscal court for excess fees on April 15, 2020 in the amount of \$12,500.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

WHITLEY COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

November 30, 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of receipts over disbursements to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount, including excess fees, due from the county clerk as determined by the audit. KRS 64.152 requires the county clerk to settle excess fees with the fiscal court by March 15 each year.

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework. Under this regulatory basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed, with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive) at December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2019 services
- Reimbursements for 2019 activities
- Payments due other governmental entities for December tax and fee collections and payroll
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2019

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the county treasurer in the subsequent year.

C. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county clerk's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits

The clerk's office has elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

The county clerk's contribution for calendar year 2017 was \$83,825, calendar year 2018 was \$93,501, and calendar year 2019 was \$97,897.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute five percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute six percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: five percent will go to the member's account and one percent will go to the KRS insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Nonhazardous covered employees contribute five percent of their annual creditable compensation. Nonhazardous members also contribute one percent to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the KRS Board of Directors based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a four percent employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 21.48 percent for the first half of the year and 24.06 percent for the period July 1 through November 30.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

A. <u>Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 1</u>

CERS provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	% Paid by Insurance Fund	% Paid by Member through Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

A. <u>Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 1</u> (Continued)

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Benefits are covered under KRS 161.714 with exception of COLA and retiree health benefits after July 2003.

B. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 2 and Tier 3 - Nonhazardous

Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually by 1.5 percent. This was established for Tier 2 members during the 2008 Special Legislative Session by House Bill 1. During the 2013 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 was enacted, creating Tier 3 benefits for members.

The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually as a 1.5 percent cost of living adjustment (COLA) since July 2003 when the law changed. The annual increase is cumulative and continues to accrue after the member's retirement.

Tier 2 member benefits are covered by KRS 161.714 with exception of COLA and retiree health benefits after July 2003. Tier 3 members are not covered by the same provisions.

C. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 1

The 1996 General Assembly enacted an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) provision for all recipients of KRS benefits. During the 2008 Special Session, the General Assembly determined that each July beginning in 2009, retirees who have been receiving a retirement allowance for at least 12 months will receive an automatic COLA of 1.5 percent. The COLA is not a guaranteed benefit. If a retiree has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months, and a COLA is provided, it will be prorated based on the number of months the recipient has been receiving a benefit.

D. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 2 and Tier 3

No COLA is given unless authorized by the legislature with specific criteria. To this point, no COLA has been authorized by the legislature for Tier 2 or Tier 3 members.

E. Death Benefit

If a retired member is receiving a monthly benefit based on at least 48 months of service credit, KRS will pay a \$5,000 death benefit payment to the beneficiary designated by the member specifically for this benefit. Members with multiple accounts are entitled to only one death benefit.

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

KRS Annual Financial Report and Proportionate Share Audit Report

KRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

KRS also issues proportionate share audit reports for both total pension liability and other post-employment benefits for CERS determined by actuarial valuation as well as each participating county's proportionate share. Both the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and OPEB Amounts by Employer reports and the related actuarial tables are available online at https://kyret.ky.gov. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

Note 3. Deposits

The former Whitley County Clerk maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240, the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county clerk and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the county clerk's deposits may not be returned. The former county clerk did not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather followed the requirements of KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240. As of November 30, 2019, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 4. State Grant

The former Whitley County Clerk's office received a local records microfilming grant from the Kentucky Department for Libraries and Archives. The balance was \$31,182 as of January 1, 2019. Accrued interest totaling \$28 was received. The unexpended grant balance was \$31,210 as of November 30, 2019. This account was transferred to the incoming county clerk.

Note 5. Lease Agreement

The Whitley County Clerk's office was committed to a lease agreement for copiers. The agreement requires a monthly payment of \$426 for 60 months to be completed on November 10, 2020. The total balance of the agreement was \$4,686 as of November 30, 2019.

Note 6. Holding Account

The former Whitley County Clerk maintained a holding or escrow account for funds that cannot be turned over as excess fees such as unclaimed refund checks. The former county clerk's escrowed amounts were as follows:

2016	\$266
2017	\$65
2018	\$1,408

This account was transferred to the incoming county clerk.

Note 7. Subsequent Events

The former county clerk retired on November 30, 2019, and a new county clerk was appointed by the county judge/executive on December 1, 2019.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS





MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Pat White, Jr., Whitley County Judge/Executive The Honorable Kay Schwartz, Former Whitley County Clerk The Honorable Carolyn Willis, Whitley County Clerk Members of the Whitley County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the former Whitley County Clerk for the period January 1, 2019 through November 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated July 13, 2020. The former Whitley County Clerk's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the former Whitley County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the former Whitley County Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the former Whitley County Clerk's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2019-001 to be a material weakness.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the former Whitley County Clerk's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action

The former Whitley County Clerk's views and planned corrective action for the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The former Whitley County Clerk's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Harmon

Auditor of Public Accounts

July 13, 2020





WHITLEY COUNTY KAY SCHWARTZ, FORMER COUNTY CLERK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Period January 1, 2019 Through November 30, 2019

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

2019-001 The Former Whitley County Clerk's Fourth Quarter Financial Statement Was Materially Overstated

The former Whitley County Clerk's fourth quarter financial statement included January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019. The former clerk retired on November 30, 2019 which would require the former clerk's financial statement to be from January 1, 2019 through November 30, 2019. This resulted in the receipts being overstated by \$595,356 and disbursements overstated by \$564,306. Adjustments were required so that the fourth quarter financial statement would match the former county clerk's ledgers.

This was due to the former county clerk including the incoming county clerk's December 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019 activity on her fourth quarter financial statement. The former county clerk's accounting software separated the two period correctly and ledgers for the former and incoming county clerk agreed to the combined fourth quarter financial statement. As a result of including the incoming county clerk's December 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019 activity with the former county clerk's fourth quarter financial statement, it was materially overstated.

KRS 68.210 gives the state local finance officer the authority to prescribe a uniform system of accounts. The Department for Local Government's (DLG) *County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual* requires the official to certify that the quarterly report is accurate to the best of their knowledge when they sign the quarterly report. Fee officials use a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of receipts over disbursements to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws. Each period stands alone in accounting for receipts and disbursements and should be accounted for accordingly in each audit period.

We recommend the Whitley County Clerk's office maintain accurate financial reports, and separate receipts and disbursements by audit period in the future.

Former County Clerk's Response: I am very proud of another great audit for the Whitley Co. Clerk's Office.